

UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DURING COVID: MA ACCESS TO JUSTICE COMMISSION

Dedicated to the Memory of Brian Flynn July 19, 2021

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REGULAR UI BENEFITS

- Lasts 26 weeks (or less based on formula, or longer if working part-time)
- $^{\circ}$ Weekly benefit amount (WBA) is $1\!\!/2$ of weekly wages up to \$855 + \$25 per week dependent allowance for each child up to 50% of WBA
- At the end of your benefit year (52 weeks after you first applied), you must reapply even if you had no earnings in order to get additional benefits.
- Administered by Department of Unemployment Assistance (DUA) & U.S. Dept. of Labor
- Apply online, https://unemployment.mass.gov/, (English Spanish Haitian Creole, Portuguese, Vietnamese, and Chinese) or 877-626-6800 (Multilingual)
 - · Note: UI Online portal is only available in English
- See https://www.mass.gov/info-details/what-you-need-to-apply-for-unemployment-benefits

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ELIGIBILITY FOR REGULAR UI: REQUIREMENTS

Apply for regular UI if:

- $^{\circ}$ You earned \$5,400 in gross W2 wages if applied in 2021 and \$5,100 if applied in 2020 -- must apply for UI with these earnings even if > 1099 earnings
- You lost or left work through "no fault" such as a quit caused by employer or an urgent personal reason, or a discharge with no deliberate misconduct or no intentional rule violation.
- COVID-related reasons include:
 - · No full-time child-care or elder care
 - You were laid off from your job or you have no work
 - You have been quarantined due to COVID-19

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NON-CITIZEN ELIGIBILITY (I)

- Non-citizens must have work authorization and valid SS# to apply. ITINs (that
 can be used to pay taxes) cannot be used to apply for UI.
- Different requirements during "base period" i.e., while working and during the "benefit year" – i.e., while collecting
- Base period: 3 categories of eligibility:
 - 1) lawfully admitted for permanent residence at time of work; or
 - 2) lawfully present to work; or
 - 3) PRUCOL permanently residing under color of law (you have made yourself known to ICE and ICE has not taken steps to deport you)

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NON-CITIZEN ELIGIBILITY (2)

- Benefit year:
- Must provide same documents as I-9 for employment (identity and work authorization)
- Documents are verified through the Systematic Alien Verfication of Entitlement (SAVE) called "primary verification"
- If problem with verification DUA sends photocopies of documents to ICE "secondary verification"
- Benefits must be paid during verification.



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IDENTITY VERIFICATION FOR REGULAR UI CLAIMS DUA IS USING ID.ME TO VERIFY THE ID OF REGULAR UI CLAIMANTS (NOT PUA)(I)

- Instructions for setting up an ID.me account are available in the ID.me user guide at: https://learn.id.me/rs/801-JLS-289/images/ID.me-Unemployment-Benefits User-Guide-LOA3.pdf
- Need:

phone number, email address, and SSN;

photos of front and back of government issued photo ID

• Instructions provide 8 Steps to follow.

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WHAT FEDERAL BENEFITS CAN I GET WHEN MY REGULAR UI BENEFITS ARE USED UP DURING THE PANDEMIC?

- 1. 53 weeks under Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC).
- 2. When PEUC used up, you *may* be eligible for up to 13 to 20 weeks under permanent state/federal Extended Benefits (**EB**) during high unemployment --- currently 13 weeks and ended on 7/17/2021.
- 3. If PEUC and EB used up **AND** you have COVID-19 related reason, you can get Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (**PUA**) for **79 weeks**. (minus weeks on regular UI and EB).
- The additional weeks of PEUC and/or PUA last until 9/4/2021 and the last 29 weeks of these benefits can only be claimed after 3/13/2021.
- On 9/4/21, PUA and PEUC will end, even if claimants have not used the maximum weeks of PUA and PEUC available, except if owed retroactive \$\$.



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WHAT HAPPENS AT THE END OF MY BENEFIT YEAR ON REGULAR UI?

- When your benefit year ends (52 weeks after you applied for regular UI), you
 must reapply even if you did not work in the past year to get other benefits.
- If you worked in the past year, DUA will recalculate your weekly benefit amount (WBA).
- If your new WBA is lower by at least \$25 and your benefit year ended after 12/27/2020, you can stay at the higher WBA while getting extended benefits under Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC) until 9/4.
- You cannot get the higher WBA if you were getting regular UI or federal Extended Benefits (EB) when your benefit year ended.
- After 9/4, if you still had regular UI benefits left on your claim after the end of your benefit year; you can then go back to collecting regular UI.



PANDEMIC UNEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE (PUA): WHO IS ELIGIBLE (I)

You must be unemployed for a reason **directly related to COVID**. Three groups of workers are covered:

Group #I non-traditional workers who usually don't get regular UI:

- self-employed
- independent contractors
- gig workers & free lance workers, Americorps, Peace Corps
- clergy & workers for religious institutions
- full time college or high school students who lost part-time job due to pandemic.



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PANDEMIC UNEMPLOYMENT ASSISTANCE (PUA): WHO IS ELIGIBLE (2)

Group #2 earned W2 income:

- · used up all other state or federal benefits, or
- $^{\circ}$ didn't earn enough (\$5,400/\$5,100) or work long enough to get regular UI, or
- got denied regular UI. If you are denied regular UI, you can appeal denial OR you can apply for PUA **IF** you have a COVID-related reason for being out of work.

Group #3 reasons if didn't have any work history:

- have become the breadwinner or major support for household because head of household died from COVID, or
- · job offer withdrawn because of COVID.



REASONS YOU ARE ELIGIBLE FOR PUA

- Worker must "self-certify" each week that although able and available to work, worker cannot for any of the following reasons related to COVID-19 (the reasons can differ from week to week):
 - Diagnosed with or having symptoms of COVID-19
 - Member of household diagnosed with COVID-19
 - Providing care for household or family member with COVID-19
 - Child or other care recipient out of school or care due to COVID-19
 - · Can't reach place of work due to COVID-19



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REASONS YOU ARE ELIGIBLE FOR PUA (2)

- Self-employed or independent contractor whose work has been severely limited due to COVID-19
- Workplace closed due to COVID-19
- Quit job, laid off or hours reduced as direct result of COVID-19
- New reasons added in 2021 and retroactive to beginning:
 - Refused to return to work that is unsafe or accept offer of new work that is unsafe due to COVID-19
 - School worker unemployed or partially unemployed because of volatility in work schedule directly caused by COVID-19 including changes in schedule and partial closures
 - None of the above. (This new reason cannot be the basis of an automatic denial).



PUA: BENEFITS, RIGHTS & END DATE

- Minimum benefit is \$267/week up to 79 weeks (minus weeks of regular UI and EB) until 9/4/2021
- To increase \$267/week to higher amount, provide proof of earnings or selfemployment (W2 and 1099) during prior tax year – can get up to \$855 + DA
- Important rights: Right to appeal if DUA disagrees that you are eligible and right to waive overpayment if it wasn't your fault
- Apply at https://ui-cares-act.mass.gov/PUA or call 877-626-6800 (multilingual).
- PUA ends on 9/4/2021. DUA will take new applications seeking back benefits payable through 9/4/2021 until 10/4/2021.



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DISQUALIFICATIONS FROM PUA AND FILING APPEALS (1)

- Claimants may receive disqualifications for the following issues:
 - Identity verification
 - · Note: PUA does not use ID.me like regular UI
 - ID verification done through fact finding link through PUA account; see <u>DUA instructions</u>
 - Work authorization verification for non-citizens
 - Full-time work
 - If earnings equal or exceed 133% of WBA, not eligible for PUA
 - COVID-19 Eligibility
 - Employment Substantiation



DISQUALIFICATIONS FROM PUA AND FILING APPEALS (2)

- Appeals can be filed through the PUA online account ("More..." > "Appeals" > copy and paste corresponding letter id from notice of disqualification)
 - 30 days to file an appeal; late appeal beyond 30 days, see 430 CMR 4.15
- Advocates may request a redetermination from PUA Constituent Services on behalf of claimants, puaconstituentservices@state.ma.us
- Once hearing scheduled:
 - · Additional documentation can be uploaded through the PUA account
 - DUA will review additional documentation to see if the disqualification can be redetermined
 - Appeal case folder available once hearing scheduled; also review "Submissions" section of online account
- Hearing with Review Examiner, single-party hearings
 - · RE should be crediting claimant's testimony
 - · RE should address questions re admitting exhibits to advocate
 - · RE should not swear in advocates



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COVID-19 ELIGIBILITY HEARINGS

- · Is the claimant a covered individual?
 - (i) not eligible for regular UI
 - (ii) satisfies self-certification that worked in MA or pending offer of work in MA directly affected by COVID-19
 - (iii) but for COVID-19, able and available for work
- Documentation/evidence
 - Proof of employment or pending offer of employment in MA (e.g., paystubs, W2/1099, email or letter from employer, affidavit from employer)
 - Proof of COVID-19 impact (e.g., letter of school or business closure, affidavit from employer)
 - If quit because of fear of COVID-19 due to underlying medical condition of claimant or family/household member, documentation supporting diagnosis from healthcare provider



EMPLOYMENT SUBSTANTIATION: NEW RULE FOR PUA ELIGIBILITY (I)

- Will be charged with overpayment for PUA payments received after 12/27/2020 if don't provide proof of earnings/self-employment or withdrawal of job offer in the tax year before applied
 - Note: if you provided documentation to increase your WBA, you should have received a notice that you satisfied the employment substantiation requirement
- July 1, 2021 was DUA deadline to provide the necessary proof (if claiming retroactive PUA after 9/4/2021, must provide documentation within 21 days (plus an additional 21 days as long as request extension before end of first 21 days)).



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EMPLOYMENT SUBSTANTIATION: NEW RULE FOR PUA ELIGIBILITY (2)

• Proof of employment:

- $\,^{\circ}\,$ Paycheck stubs & earnings, leave statements, W2 forms when available
- · Must include the employer's name and address
- Some employers not registered with Secretary of State, e.g., sole proprietors so need other proof (e.g., Accurint, other public records including business website and YELP reviews, google, license)

Proof of self-employment:

- State or Federal employer ID numbers (EIN or FEIN), business licenses, tax returns, business receipts, affidavits from individuals verifying selfemployment
- If planned self-employment: also include business plans, business license, lease agreement



EMPLOYMENT SUBSTANTIATION: NEW RULE FOR PUA ELIGIBILITY (3)

- Proof of job offer withdrawn due to pandemic:
 - Letters/email offers, affidavits (w/ name & contact info, and statement under oath that the information is true)
- Proof of employment/job withdrawal in casual labor
 - For cash-based work, can submit your own affidavit
 & affidavit from 3rd party



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EMPLOYMENT SUBSTANTIATION: NEW RULE FOR PUA ELIGIBILITY (4)

- Period of time during which must substantiate employment:
 - Between start of applicable tax year (the completed calendar year before applying) and the application date
 - E.g., if applied 12/27/2020, applicable tax year is 2019: between 1/1/2019 and 12/27/2020
 - $^{\circ}$ E.g., if applied 1/3/2021, applicable tax year is 2020: between 1/1/2020 and 1/3/2021
 - · Proof needed is simply a snapshot in time during relevant period
- · Failure to comply:
 - Will result in an overpayment for payments made after 12/27/2020 if no proof or if missed 7/1/2021 deadline
 - · Can appeal denial, and can seek a waiver of overpayment



MIXED EARNER UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION (MEUC)

- To apply for MEUC, go to https://ui-cares-act.mass.gov/PUA
- Extra \$100 a week retroactive to week ending 1/2/2021 to 9/4/2021
- Available for workers who qualify for UI due to W2 earnings who also had income from self-employment or gig work
- Must be getting at least \$1.00 UI (not PUA) and have earned \$5,000 in net income from self-employment or gig work in the "applicable tax year" (ATY)
- · For regular UI, the ATY is the year before date of claim
- For PEUC or EB, the ATY is the year before the original regular UI claim



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WHAT EXTRA UI BENEFITS ARE AVAILABLE DURING THE PANDEMIC?

- BEFORE \$600/week Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC) from 3/29/2020 to 7/25/2020 (back benefits available)
- \$300/week Lost Wages Assistance (LWA) from 7/26/2020 to 9/5/2020 (no more \$\$ for any back benefits, as paid through FEMA).
- FROM 12/27/2020 TO 9/4/2021:
 - \$300/week FPUC for everyone getting unemployment. Does not count for SNAP. (Back benefits available)
 - \$100/week Mixed Earner Unemployment Compensation (MEUC) (back benefits available)
- Federal benefits, including PUA, PEUC, FPUC, & MEUC end 9/4/21



WHAT DO I NEED TO DO EVERY WEEK TO KEEP GETTING BENEFITS (I)

- Every week you need to "certify" that you are still eligible for unemployment benefits, and you need to report your earnings; must certify within U.S.
- If your earnings = 1/3 of your weekly benefit amount, they will not be counted, after that you get a \$ for \$ deduction from your weekly benefit amount
- If you earn 133% of your weekly benefit amount, you are no longer eligible
- FPUC and MEUC (+\$300 & +\$100) are not used in calculating disregard
- · You can certify online through UI Online or the PUA online account



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WHAT DO I NEED TO DO EVERY WEEK TO KEEP GETTING BENEFITS (2)

- · In addition to certifying online, you can certify over the telephone
 - For regular UI, call TeleCert 617-626-6338 (automated English, Spanish, Portuguese, and Cantonese)
 - TeleCert available daily from 6 a.m. 10 p.m.
- For both regular UI and PUA, you can call 877-626-6800 to speak with an agent for multilingual assistance
 - Open 8:30 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday
 - Multilingual agents are available
 - Regular UI weekly certification instructions are available in <u>Spanish</u>, <u>Portuguese</u>, <u>Haitian Creole</u>, <u>Chinese</u>, <u>Vietnamese</u>, <u>Russian</u>, <u>Khmer</u>, <u>Lao</u>, <u>Korean</u>, <u>Arabic</u>, <u>French</u>, <u>and Italian</u>
- Hearing Impaired Voice Relay 711



WORK SEARCH REQUIREMENT

- Work Search Requirements
 - Claimants are normally required to complete at least 3 work search activities each week and to keep a weekly log to continue to be eligible for regular UI.
 - · Because of COVID, DUA waived the work search requirement.
 - DUA reinstated the Work Search Requirement effective the week of **June 13, 2021**.
 - This requirement applies to all regular UI claimants, including those with COVIDrelated reasons such as lack of childcare
 - Federal law requires DUA to have flexible work search policies for workers getting PEUC for a COVID-19 reason.



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MASSHIRE CAREER CENTERS

- Although suspended during the pandemic, you may be required shortly to attend a seminar at a MassHire Career Center to help you find a job.
- If you receive a notice, you must schedule and go to the seminar by the deadline stated in the letter.
- Call automated MassHire Career Centers seminar scheduling system at I-(800) 653-5586, or to find nearest Center go to https://www.mass.gov/masshire-career-centers to schedule attendance, after receiving notice to attend.
- Failure to go to a scheduled seminar without "good cause," may cause delay in payment or loss of UI benefits.



WHEN CAN I REFUSE WORK AND STILL GET UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (I)

- · For PUA, you can refuse work and still get benefits if:
 - You are diagnosed with COVID, have symptoms of COVID, or come into direct contact with someone with COVID
 - Your job does not comply with local, state or national COVID health & safety standards (including masking, physical distancing or provision of PPE)
 - You are caring for a family member who has COVID
 - In-person full-time school or summer camp is not available for your children
 - A govt. agency or health care professional told you to quarantine.



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WHEN CAN I REFUSE WORK AND STILL GET UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (2)

- For regular UI, PEUC, or EB (but not PUA), you must be able, available and actively seeking full-time work that is "suitable."
 - Exception: an individual with disabilities need only be available for part-time work for at least 15 hours/week that
 makes a reasonable accommodation for disability. 430 Code of MA Regs (CMR) 4.45.
- You can refuse work and still get benefits if:
 - You believe that your job puts you, or an immediate family member or household member at risk for COVID because of age or medical conditions.
 - You believe that sending your child to in-person school so that you can work puts you, your child, an immediate family member or household member at risk for COVID.
 - Work is not suitable because it does not accommodate your need to provide full-time care-giving responsibilities to a child, other family or household member. See <u>UIPP 2020.12</u>
- This is in effect until at least 9/4 & until DUA gives claimants 30 days notice in their preferred language that these reasons are ending. See <u>St. 2021, c. 20, sec. 24</u>.



WHAT IF I AM TOLD THAT I HAVE BEEN OVERPAID PUA BENEFITS (I)

- Check that overpayment (OP) notice is correct. If the decision is wrong, you can appeal within 30 days of the OP notice.
- You must repay the benefits only after you get a final agency decision and are denied a waiver of overpayment.
- To appeal an overpayment:
 - "More..." > "Appeals" > copy and paste corresponding letter ID
 - If an appeal has been filed on the underlying disqualification resulting in the OP, you do not have to file another appeal
 - If the underlying disqualification has <u>not</u> been appealed, filing an appeal for the OP which will relate to underlying issue
 - If you win at the hearing on the underlying issue, you are eligible for PUA, provided no other disqualifications, and the OP goes away



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WHAT IF I AM TOLD THAT I HAVE BEEN OVERPAID BENEFITS (2)

- When you have a final DUA agency decision stating you have been overpaid unemployment benefits you can get a waiver of the overpayment. To get a waiver of the overpayment:
 - For UI Online: go to the "Manage Debt" page "request a waiver."
 - For PUA: go to your PUA account home page > "Overpayment Options" > "Request an Overpayment Waiver."
 - · Ask for a waiver of benefits if the overpayment was not your fault; and
 - You used the \$\$ for things that were not ordinary expenses; or
 - $^{\circ}$ You gave up other $\$ (such as welfare payments) because you got unemployment benefits; \mathbf{or}
 - Your income is less than your expenses.
 - A claimant on SSI, SSI coupled with SSDI, or EAEDC is presumed eligible for a waiver.
- To stop any collection action, apply for the waiver within 15 days of the final decision.
- DUA may be combining hearings on underlying appeal and the waiver to speed up process.



DO I NEED TO PAY TAXES ON THE UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

- Yes, you will need to pay state and federal taxes on the unemployment benefits you received during 2020.
- DUA provides a form called a 1099G.
- For UI: form is available at www.mass.gov/dua/webcert or request through UI Online at View and Request 1099G.
- For PUA: call DUA's Interactive Voice Response (IVR) at 617-626-5647.
- The first \$10,200 of 2020 UI benefits (or \$20,400 if married filing jointly) is exempt from federal tax on UI if adjusted income less than \$150,000.
- The first \$10,200 of 2020 and 2021 UI benefits is exempt from state tax on UI if household income is lower than 200% of the federal poverty line.
- Taxes were due 5/17/2021 but Dept. of Revenue is prohibited from charging any assessments for the failure to pay state taxes on UI received during 2020.



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MARRERO V. JEFFERS WORCESTER COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT: PROVIDING SPEEDIER DECISIONS & DUE PROCESS

If DUA stopped paying benefits when you had weeks remaining but didn't offer you an interview with a DUA agent, the Court requires DUA to:

- Make determinations on new claims within 30 days;
- Provide notice of any review and reasons along with an interview before stopping benefits;
- Stop recovering any overpayments until claimants exhausted all appeals and the DUA decision is final.

For more information, please visit https://communitylegal.org/get-help/covid-l9-information-resources/marrero-relief/



IMPROVING THE UI EXPERIENCE

- DUA is overhauling its UI system with a UI Advisory Council consultation.
- Legal aid has 2 representatives on this Council: GBLS Attorney Hannah Tanabe, <u>htanabe@gbls.org</u> and Southeast MA Justice Center Attorney Stephanie Herron Rice, <u>sherronrice@justicema.org</u>
- · As part of the process, there will be opportunities for stakeholder feedback
- If you are interested in providing feedback including comments at a public hearing, please contact Hannah or Stephanie.



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ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

- To find local legal aid resources, go to the Massachusetts Legal Resource Finder at www.MassLRF.org
- Legal aid Fact Sheet- UI and PUA, updated at: masslegalservices.org/covid-19-and-ui
 - · Find more legal information at: masslegalhelp.org
- MA Department of Unemployment Assistance (DUA): <u>mass.gov/unemployment</u>; 877-626-6800
- MA Office of Attorney General FAQ & Hotline About COVID-19:
 - mass.gov/service-details/frequently-asked-questions-about-covid-19-employee-rights-and-employerobligations
 - mass.gov/forms/report-unsafe-working-conditions-during-covid-19; 617-727-3465
 - mass.gov/guides/resources-during-covid-19#-child-care-and-other-resources-for-families-
 - * mass.gov/ago/earnedsicktime; 617-727-3465
- MA Department of Family and Medical Leave: mass.gov/pfml; 833-344-7365
- MassCOSH Worker Safety Toolkit: <u>bit.ly/workertoolkitCOVID19</u>



The information in these slides is general advice as of 7/19/2021 and is not legal advice.